The Active Loop Antenna Model ALA 100 is a large aperture antenna designed to provide improved performance compared to traditional active and passive antennas. The ALA 100 has two modes of operation; at Medium and Low Frequencies the antenna is a high efficiency broadband Loop; for High frequencies the antenna has a response similar to a Longwire. The ALA 100 is primarily designed to reduce local interference. It is suited to users, who don’t have a lot of space to erect large wire antennas. The ALA 100 is broadband and does not have to be tuned instep with the receiver. The loop can be mounted remotely from the receiver away from local interference. Whereas, traditional antennas require a lot of space and can pick-up local noise.

**ALA 100 FEATURES**

- Very low intermodulation products ensures good performance in a strong signal environment
- Large aperture; Ideal for LW/MW DX and reduced fading of High Frequency signals
- Figure of eight directivity and deep nulls to reduce interference for MW and LW
- Antenna is balanced/isolated from ground and feeder induced currents
- Very high rejection of mains borne noise
- Supplied with Antenna Interface and 12 volt PSU
- Broadband, no tuning necessary or matching unit
- No planning problems, mounted outside at ground level

**ALA 100 Advantages**

Active antennas are necessary for several reasons: The difficulty of matching a conventional wire antenna to a 50 ohm feeder and still retaining a broadband response is not easy. At certain frequencies; conventional wire antennas can deliver excessive signal strength, leading to receiver overload. Planning regulations restrict antenna erections.

The active antenna solves the problem of impedance matching to the feeder and yet the performance is comparable with larger antennas. However, most active antennas are of the whip or dipole type and respond mainly to the electric-field. The ALA 100 is balanced antenna and responds primarily to the magnetic-field at medium and low frequencies, this ensures high rejection of nearby electric-fields. The intensity of the electric-field is usually higher than the magnetic-field when an antenna is close to interference sources such as TVs florescent lamps, mains wiring etc. Therefore, by rejecting the electric-field there will be a reduction in local interference compared to other types of active and passive antennas. The large aperture of the ALA 100 improves the signal pickup to optimise the signal to noise ratio and also reduces fading at HF, this is a very important advantage compared to small active antennas.

**INTERMODULATION**

The second order intermodulation performance of a broadband active antenna is very important because active antennas do not have any selective circuits to reduce intermodulation. The ALA 100 has been specifically designed to reduce intermodulation products to a minimum. The second order and the third order intercept points are typically +90dBm (IP2) and +43dBm (IP3) respectively. Thus the level of the intermodulation products are generally below the atmospheric and man made noise.

**ANTENNA DESIGN**

The ALA 100 consists of a 8-18m circumference wire Loop and a high gain balanced broadband amplifier using 4 low noise RF power transistors. The amplifier is encapsulated in synthetic resin and housed in a ABS box, this ensures reliable operation in all weather conditions. The ALA 100 provides very low noise performance and a large signal handling ability. Rejection of mains borne noise is accomplished by using a balanced amplifier.

**INSTALLATION**

The ALA 100 Loop Antenna comprises of a loop/amplifier Head Unit together with an Antenna Interface and a 12 volt regulated power supply (UK only). RG58C 50 ohm coaxial feeder cable is recommended for the antenna. The maximum feeder length is 100m. The Antenna Interface feeds the 12 volt dc power to the antenna. A 1m coax. lead connects the Antenna Interface to the receiver. The wire Loop is provided by the user. This can be supported by a tree or light weight wooden poles 2-4m high spaced 2-5m apart. Alternatively the Loop can be loft mounted or simply attached to the inside or outside wall of the home. However, for lower noise performance, the ALA 100 should be positioned away from sources of interference such as fluorescent lights, TVs, computers and electrical wiring. In most cases satisfactory results can be obtained by mounting the antenna near ground level and at least 6m from buildings. The Loop size can be altered to match the receiver performance and thus reduce overload problems when used with medium priced price receivers.

The ALA 100 can also be mounted on to an antenna rotator using a simple 2m x 2m wooden (Bamboo) frame to exploit the Loops directional characteristics.

**TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

| Power consumption: | 12 volts at 130mA |
| Frequency coverage: | 50kHz to 30MHz |
| Intermodulation typically: | 2nd order -124dBm |
| With two signals of 32mV (-17dBm) (Test freq. 0.8MHz+1.0MHz) | 3rd order -137dBm |
| Intercept point typically: | 2nd order +90dBm |
| (Test freq. 0.8MHz+1.0MHz) | 3rd order +43dBm |
| 1dB compression point: | +27dBm |
| Output: | 50 ohms, BNC |

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Design/specification subject to change without notice.

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